Homelessness strategies in European Union Member States - The state of play in 2024

Shmulik Szeintuch

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Background

Aim:

Understand the state of play regarding European Union <u>national</u> and <u>regional</u> homelessness strategies

Context:

European Platform on Combatting Homelessness (EPOCH)

Range:

All 27 European Union Member States

Time frame:

The research took place between November 2023 – July 2024

Research paper framework

> Literature review

> 2024 EU national & regional strategies state of play

Questionnaire results

> A proposal for a good homelessness strategy

Official homelessness strategies and other policy documents were collected through four channels

√ This research

✓ An unpublished previous research endeavor by the EC

✓ DG-Employment





A zoom-in on EU MSs national homelessness strategies	
Belgium	A federal poverty action plan within which there is some mention of homelessness
Denmark	An agreement between political parties inside and outside of the government regarding several
	initiatives to promote the construction of social housing to counteract the trend towards urban
	segregation, as well as a fundamental change in the efforts to combat homelessness
Finland	A decision regarding the programme to end long-term homelessness

France

Ireland

Italy

Germany

Greece

Netherlands

Poland

Portugal

Romania

Slovakia

Spain

Sweden

A five-year Housing First plan (Phase II)

A housing strategy within which there is a dedicated chapter regarding homelessness

An out-of-date national plan for social intervention and services, with a national plan for interventions

and social services to combat poverty. Apparently the renewed 2024-2026 plan is underway

A federal level action plan to tackle homelessness

A national homelessness action plan

An action plan on homelessness

A social services strategy with a small chapter about homelessness

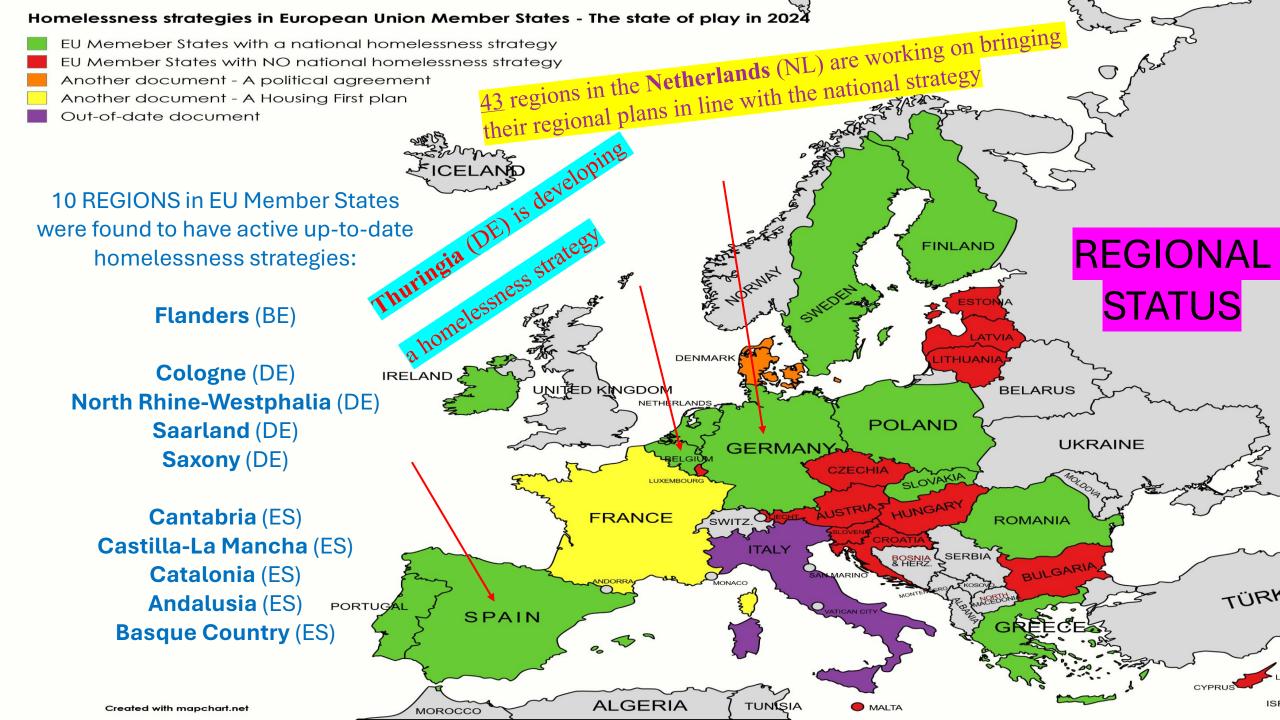
National strategy for the integration of homeless people.

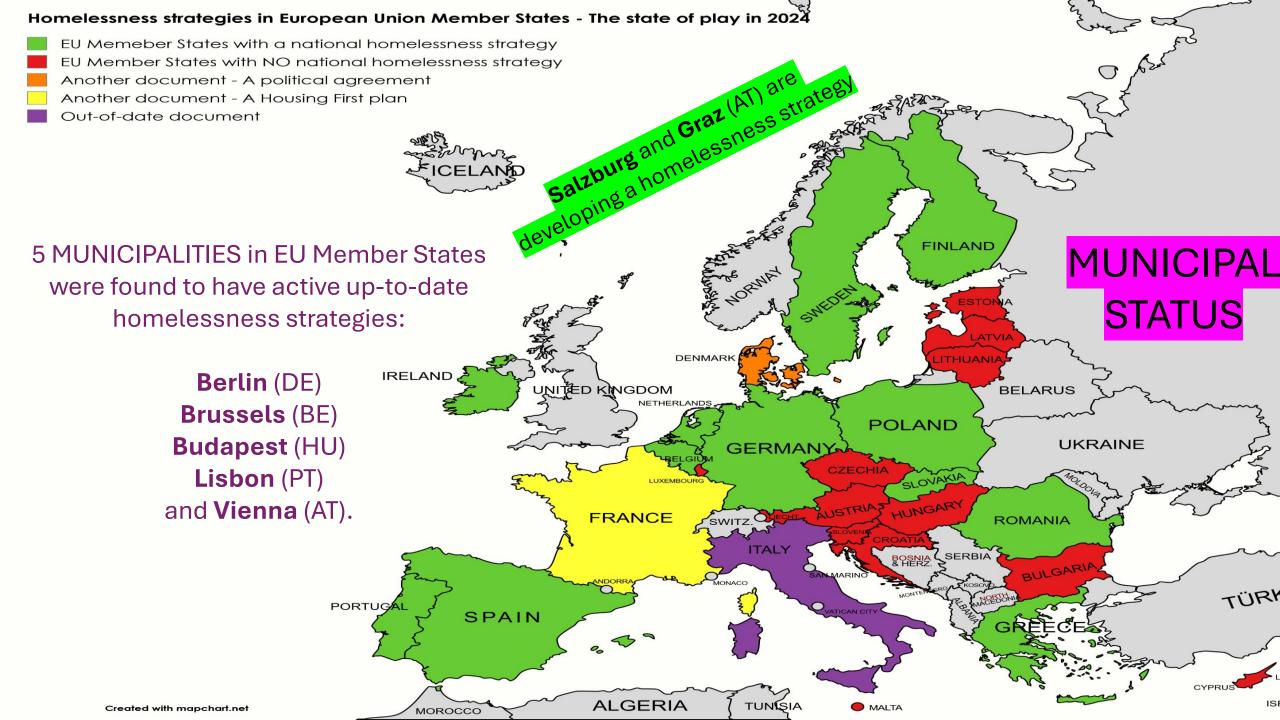
National strategy on the social inclusion of homeless people.

National concept and action plan for preventing and ending homelessness

National Strategy to Combat Homelessness

Strategy to tackle homelessness





The Qualtrics questionnaire:

March and April 2024

82 Member State delegates, homelessness professionals and researchers

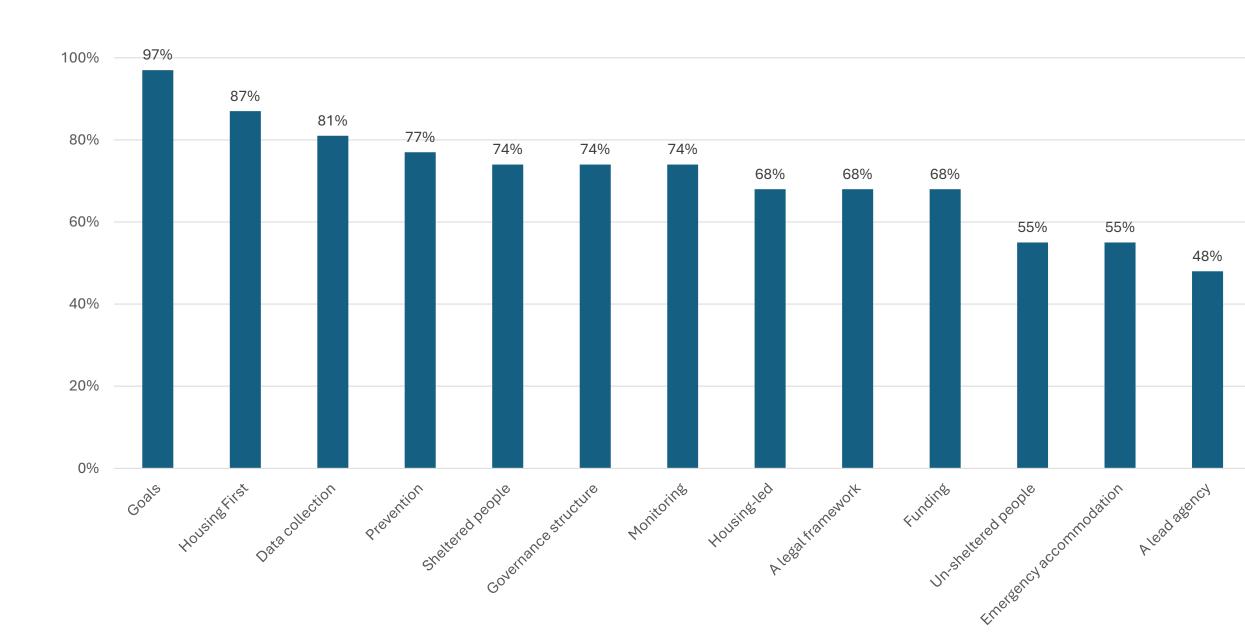
Representing all 27 EU Member States

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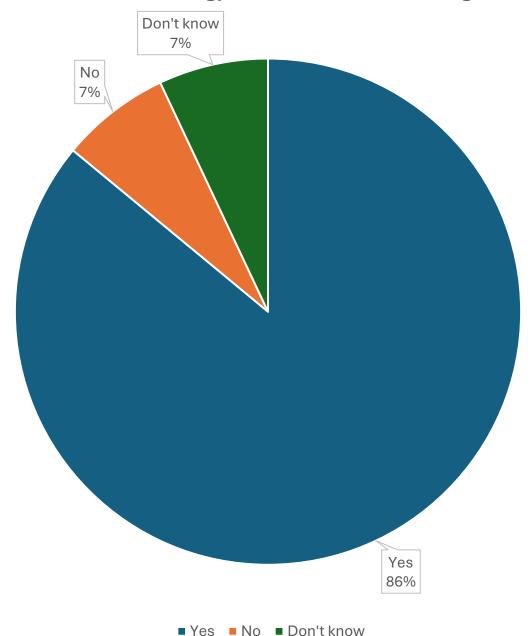
Respondents completed the questionnaire between 18 March, 2024 to 7 May, 2024

We received 46 valid responses from respondents representing 23 Member States





REGARDLESS OF WHETHER YOU HAVE A STRATEGY OR NOT - In your opinion, does the implementation of a homelessness strategy contribute to resolving the issue of homelessness?



Key issues for a good and effective homelessness strategy

- Legal framework
- A human rights approach to homelessness
- Mission, objectives, targets and goals
- <u>Mission</u>: Provide people experiencing homelessness with decent healthy lives and wellbeing.
 - **Primary objective**: Ending homelessness.
 - <u>Secondary objective 1</u>: Delivery of long-term permanent housing.
 - **Secondary objective 2**: Prevention.
- <u>Target 1</u>: Reduce the number of people experiencing homelessness.
 - <u>Target 2</u>: Reduce the time spent in temporary accommodation.
 - Goal 1: Collection of data.
 - **Goal 2**: Building and securing enough long-term permanent housing.

....Key issues for a good and effective homelessness strategy cont.....

- Collaboration
- Implementation
- Governance
- Funding
- Data collection
- Prevention
- Temporary accommodation
- Permanent long-term housing
- An integrated approach
- Time frame
- Monitoring and evaluation

Some examples of open questions regarding homelessness strategies

- What is a 'homelessness strategy'?
- How can we make sure to develop a strategy that transcends governments from different political orientations?
- Does EPOCH serve as the EU homelessness strategy, or should there be more to it?
- How do we shift from emergency shelter to long-term permanent housing without reducing shelter capacity?
- How can we evaluate a homelessness strategy in a more elaborate way than just measuring the reduction in the number of people experiencing homelessness?

Are there people experiencing homelessness who are left out of the strategy?

If so - how do we bring them in?

- In 2024 EU it seems that any homelessness strategy should refer to migrants, including all the following:
 - Asylum seekers
 - Refugees
 - Internal EU migrants
 - Undocumented migrants
 - People with no legal right to reside in a certain jurisdiction

• Roma

A few pointers regarding homelessness strategies

Implementation is key

 Permanent long-term housing supply is key

- Consistency is important
 - A one-time count is not enough
 - A one-time strategy for a limited period is not enough

Thank you for listening

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Shmulik Szeintuch shmulik@gmx.net

